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FRDM-MCXA153 Board User Manual Rev. 2.0 — 12 February 2025

User manual

Document information

Information	Content
Keywords	UM12012, FRDM-MCXA153, MCX A153, Arduino, mikroBUS, Pmod, MCU-Link
Abstract	The FRDM-MCXA153 board is a design and evaluation platform based on the NXP MCX A153 microcontroller (MCU).



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1 Board overview

The FRDM-MCXA153 board is a design and evaluation platform based on the NXP MCX A153 microcontroller (MCU). The MCX A153 MCU is a low-power microcontroller for industrial and consumer Internet of Things (IoT) applications. It has one Arm Cortex-M33 core running at speeds of up to 96 MHz. It supports industrial communication protocol, brushless direct current (BLDC) motor / permanent magnet synchronous motor (PMSM) control, and integrated sensor interfaces (MIPI I3C, I2C, and SPI).

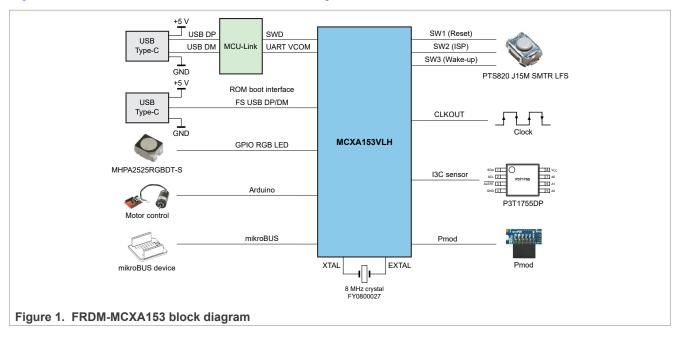
The board is compatible with the Arduino UNO R3 boards, Mikroe click boards, and Pmod boards. It can be used with a wide range of development tools, including NXP MCUXpresso IDE, IAR Embedded Workbench, and Arm Keil MDK. The board is lead-free and RoHS-compliant.

For debugging the MCX A153 MCU, the FRDM-MCXA153 board uses an onboard (OB) debug probe, MCU-Link OB, which is based on another MCU: LPC55S69. The MCX A153 MCU and the LPC55S69 MCU are also referred to as "target MCU" and "debug MCU", respectively, in this document.

This document provides details about the FRDM-MCXA153 board interfaces, power supplies, clocks, connectors, jumpers, push buttons, LEDs, and MCU-Link OB.

1.1 Block diagram

Figure 1 shows the FRDM-MCXA153 board block diagram.



1.2 Board features

Table 1 lists the features of the FRDM-MCXA153 board.

Table 1. FRDM-MCXA153 features

Board feature	Target MCU features used	Description
MCU (target MCU)		NXP MCX A153 MCU (part number: MCXA153VLH) based on an Arm Cortex-M33 core, running at speeds of up to 96 MHz.

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Table 1. FRDM-MCXA153 features...continued

Board feature	Target MCU features used	Description
		Note: For details on the MCX A153 MCU, see MCX A153, A152, A143, A142, A133, A132 Reference Manual and MCXA153, A152, A143, A142, A133, A132 Data Sheet.
USB interface	USBFS0 module	Supports a USB full-speed connection through a USB 2.0 Type-C connector J8
LPUART interface	LPUART0 module	 Supports a USB-to-UART bridge connection using MCU-Link (LPC55S69) Supports an external UART connection through a 3-pin header J25 (DNP)
	LPUART2 module	Supports an external UART connection through either Arduino socket connector J1 or mikroBUS socket connector J5
LPSPI interface	LPSPI0 module	Supports an external SPI connection through mikroBUS socket connector J6 or Pmod connector J7 (DNP)
	LPSPI1 module	Supports an external SPI connection through Arduino socket connector J2
LPI2C interface	LPI2C0 module	Provides an I2C connection to Arduino socket connector J2, mikro BUS socket connector J5, and Pmod connector J7 (DNP)
I3C interface	I3C0 module	Supports a digital temperature sensor (P3T1755DP)
Arduino socket	LPUART2, LPSPI1, LPI2C0, ADC0, and PWM0 modules	Arduino socket with four connectors J1, J2, J3, and J4
mikroBUS socket	LPUART2, LPSPI0, LPI2C0, ADC0, and PWM0 modules	mikroBUS socket with a pair of connectors J5 and J6
Pmod connector	LPSPI0 and LPI2C0 modules	Pmod connector J7 (DNP)
Debug interface	LPUART0 module	Onboard MCU-Link debug probe with USB Type-C connector J15 for debugging the MCX A153 MCU
Power supply		 The following options are available to power up the board: External 5 V power through USB Type-C connector J8 External 5 V power through USB Type-C connector J15 External 5-9 V power through Arduino socket connector J3, pin 16
Clocks		8 MHz clock for the MCX A153 MCU 16 MHz clock for the LPC55S69 MCU
Orderable part number		FRDM-MCXA153

1.3 Kit contents

Table 2 lists the items included in the FRDM-MCXA153 board hardware kit.

Table 2. Kit contents

Item	Quantity
FRDM-MCXA153 board hardware assembly	1
USB 2.0 Type-A to Type-C cable, 1 meter	1

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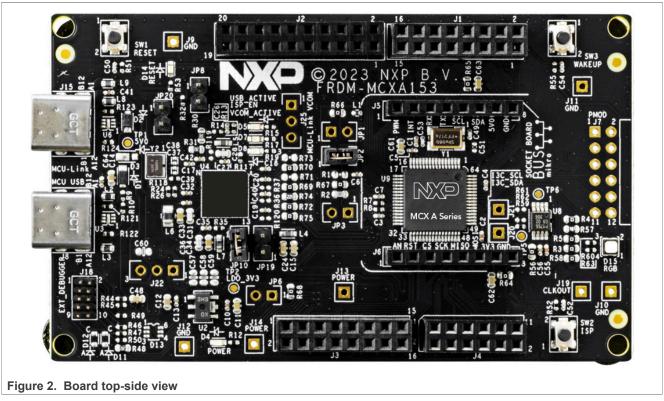
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Table 2. Kit contents...continued

Item	Quantity
FRDM-MCXA153 Quick Start Guide	1

1.4 Board pictures

Figure 2 shows the top-side view of the FRDM-MCXA153 board.



Note: Crystal Y1 (showing above the MCX A153 MCU chip in <u>Figure 2</u>) is not populated on production FRDM-MCXA153 boards.

Figure 3 shows the bottom-side view of the FRDM-MCXA153 board.

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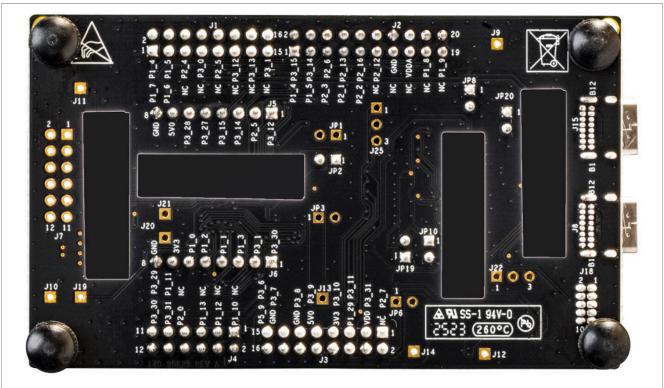
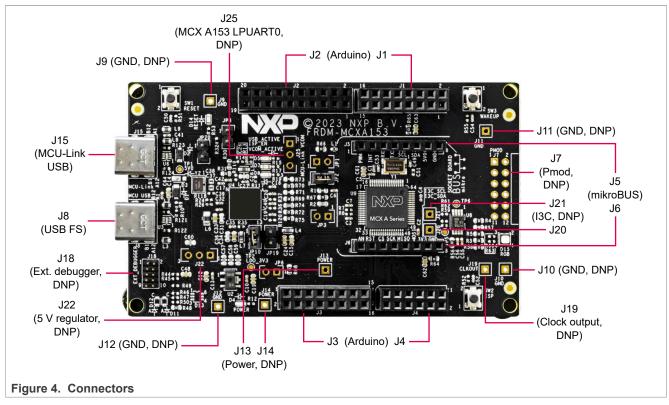


Figure 3. Board bottom-side view

1.5 Connectors

Figure 4 shows the FRDM-MCXA153 board connectors.

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Note: The external debugger connector (J18), which is shown populated in <u>Figure 4</u>, is not populated on the FRDM-MCXA153 boards shipped to customers.

Table 3 describes the connectors available on the FRDM-MCXA153 board.

Table 3. FRDM-MCXA153 connectors

Part identifier	PCB label	Connector type	Description	Reference section
J1		2x8-position receptacle	Arduino socket connectors	Section 2.8
J2		2x10-position receptacle		
J3		2x8-position receptacle		
J4		2x6-position receptacle		
J5	mikroBUS	1x8-position receptacle	mikroBUS socket connectors	Section 2.9
J6	SOCKET BOARD	1x8-position receptacle		
J7 (DNP)	PMOD	2x6-pin/position connector	Pmod connector	Section 2.10
J8	MCU USB	USB Type-C connector	USB full-speed connector	Section 2.3
J9 (DNP)	GND	1-pin/position connector	GND test points	For more information
J10 (DNP)	GND	1-pin/position connector		on these connectors, see FRDM-MCXA153
J11 (DNP)	GND	1-pin/position connector		board schematics.
J12 (DNP)	GND	1-pin/position connector		
J13 (DNP)	POWER	1-pin/position connector	Power supply test points	-
J14 (DNP)	POWER	1-pin/position connector		

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Table 3. FRDM-MCXA153 connectors...continued

Part identifier	PCB label	Connector type	Description	Reference section
J15	MCU-Link	USB Type-C connector	MCU-Link USB connector	Section 3.6
J18 (DNP)	EXT_ DEBUGGER	2x5-pin/position connector	External debugger connector	Section 3.2
J19 (DNP)	CLKOUT	1-pin/position connector	Clock output test point	Section 2.2
J20 (DNP)	I3C_SDA	1-pin/position connector	I3C data test point	Section 2.7
J21 (DNP)	I3C_SCL	1-pin/position connector	I3C clock test point	
J22 (DNP)		1x3-pin/position connector	5 V DC voltage regulator connector	Section 2.1
J25 (DNP)	MCX UART0	1x3-pin header	MCX A153 LPUART0 connector	Section 2.4

1.6 Jumpers

Figure 5 shows the FRDM-MCXA153 board jumpers.

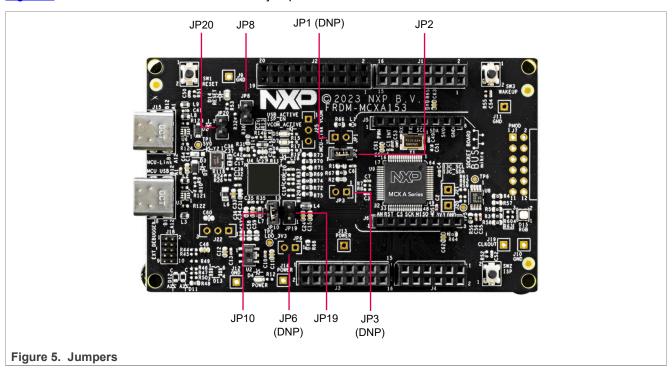


Table 4 describes the FRDM-MCXA153 board jumpers.

Table 4. FRDM-MCXA153 jumpers

Part identifier	Jumper type	Description	Reference section
JP1 (DNP)	1x2-pin header	Target MCU (MCX A153) analog power (VDDA_MCU) measurement jumper. JP1 is not populated on the board by default. It can be populated to measure the current consumption of the MCX A153 analog IPs. When populating JP1, ensure to remove the 0 Ω resistor R66. When open, JP1 can be used to measure the current consumption of the MCX A153 analog IPs (see	Section 2.1

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Table 4. FRDM-MCXA153 jumpers...continued

Part identifier	Jumper type	Description	Reference section
		Section 2.1.1 for more details). When shorted, JP1 produces the VDDA_MCU supply.	
JP2	1x2-pin header	Target MCU digital power (VDD_MCU) measurement jumper: • Open: The VDD_MCU supply is OFF initially. JP2 can be used to measure the current consumption of the MCX A153 digital IPs (see Section 2.1.1 for more details). • Shorted (default setting): JP2 produces the VDD_MCU supply.	
JP3 (DNP)	1x2-pin header	Target MCU total power (analog + digital) (MCU_VDD_P3V3) measurement jumper. JP3 is not populated on the board by default. It can be populated to measure the total current consumption of the target MCU. When populating JP3, ensure to remove the 2.7 Ω resistor R2. When open, JP3 can be used to measure the current for the target MCU total power (MCU_VDD_P3V3) (see Section 2.1.1 for more details). When shorted, JP3	
JP6 (DNP)	1x2-pin header	produces the MCU_VDD_P3V3 supply. Board power (VDD_BOARD) measurement jumper. JP6 is not populated on the board by default. It can be populated to measure the current for the VDD_BOARD supply. When populating JP6, ensure to remove the 0 Ω resistor R68. When open, JP6 can be used to measure the current for the VDD_BOARD supply (see Section 2.1.1 for more details). When shorted, JP6 produces the VDD_BOARD	
		supply.	
JP20	1x2-pin header	 MCU-Link SWD disable jumper: Open (default setting): The MCU-Link serial wire debug (SWD) feature is enabled. MCU-Link can be used to drive the SWD of the target MCU. Shorted: The MCU-Link SWD feature is disabled. This jumper setting can be used for debugging the target MCU, using an external debugger connected through connector J18 (not populated). 	
JP8	1x2-pin header	 MCU-Link (LPC55S69) ISP mode enable jumper: Open (default setting): MCU-Link follows the normal boot sequence (MCU-Link boots from its internal flash if a boot image is found). With the internal flash erased, the MCU-Link normal boot sequence falls through to Insystem Programming (ISP) boot mode. Shorted: MCU-Link is forced to ISP mode (USB1). Use this setting to reprogram the MCU-Link internal flash with a new image or use the MCUXpresso IDE with the CMSIS-DAP protocol. Note: By default, the MCU-Link internal flash is preprogrammed with a version of the CMSIS-DAP 	Section 3.4
ID10	1v2 nin booder	firmware.	Section 2.7
JP19	1x2-pin header	MCU-Link VCOM port disable jumper:	Section 3.7

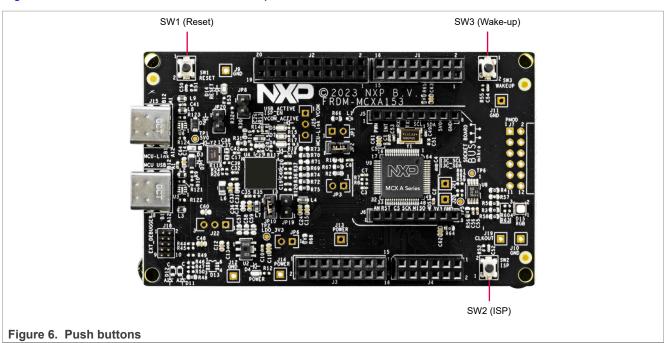
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Table 4. FRDM-MCXA153 jumpers...continued

Part identifier	Jumper type	Description	Reference section
		 Open (default setting): The MCU-Link virtual communication (VCOM) port (USB-to-UART bridge) is enabled. Shorted: The MCU-Link VCOM port (USB-to-UART bridge) is disabled. 	
JP10	1x2-pin header	 MCU-Link SWD clock enable jumper: Open: The MCU-Link SWD clock is disabled. Shorted (default setting): The MCU-Link SWD clock is enabled. MCU-Link drives SWD of the target MCU. 	For more information on these jumpers, see FRDM-MCXA153 board schematics.

1.7 Push buttons

Figure 6 shows the FRDM-MCXA153 board push buttons.



<u>Table 5</u> describes the FRDM-MCXA153 board push buttons.

Table 5. FRDM-MCXA153 push buttons

Part identifier	PCB label	Name/function	Description
SW1	RESET	Reset button	Pressing SW1 asserts the MCX A153 MCU pin P1_29 (RESET_b), which wakes up the target MCU from any mode. Keep SW1 pressed for a reasonable period of time to let the MCU perform a JTAG boundary scan. When SW1 is pressed, the reset LED D14 turns ON.
SW2	ISP	ISP button	Pressing SW2 asserts the MCX A153 MCU pin P3_29 (ISPMODE_N), which forces the MCU extended bootloader to run in In-System Programming (ISP) mode.

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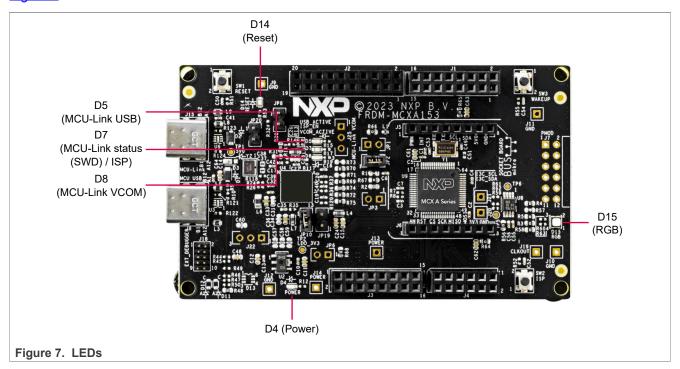
Table 5. FRDM-MCXA153 push buttons...continued

Part identifier	PCB label	Name/function	Description
			To boot the MCU in ISP mode, hold down SW2 while pressing SW1 (reset button) or while supplying power to the board.
			For more information on the MCX A153 MCU ISP mode, see MCX A153, A152, A143, A142, A133, A132 Reference Manual.
SW3	WAKEUP	Wake-up button	Pressing SW3 asserts the MCX A153 MCU pin P1_7, which can be configured through software to wake up the MCU from low-power modes.

1.8 LEDs

The FRDM-MCXA153 board provides light-emitting diodes (LEDs) for monitoring system status. The information collected from the LEDs can be used for debugging purposes.

Figure 7 shows the FRDM-MCXA153 board LEDs.



<u>Table 6</u> describes the FRDM-MCXA153 board LEDs except for MCU-Link-specific LEDs, which are described in <u>Section 3.8</u>.

Table 6. FRDM-MCXA153 LEDs

Part identifier	PCB label	LED color	Description (when LED is ON)
D4	POWER	Green	The LDO_3V3 supply is available.
D14	RESET	Red	Indicates system reset activity. When board reset is initiated, for example, by pressing the reset button (SW1), D14 turns ON.
D15	RGB	Red/green/blue	User-defined LED, which can be controlled through a user application.

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Note: MCU-Link-specific LEDs D5, D7, and D8 are described in Section 3.8.

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2 Functional description

This section contains the following subsections:

- Section 2.1 "Power supplies"
- Section 2.2 "Clocks"
- Section 2.3 "USB interface"
- Section 2.4 "LPUART interface"
- Section 2.5 "LPSPI interface"
- Section 2.6 "LPI2C interface"
- Section 2.7 "I3C sensor"
- Section 2.8 "Arduino socket"
- Section 2.9 "mikroBUS socket"
- Section 2.10 "Pmod connector"

2.1 Power supplies

The FRDM-MCXA153 board is powered up using one of the following primary power supply options:

- External 5 V power through USB Type-C connector J8
- External 5 V power through USB Type-C connector J15
- External 5-9 V power through Arduino socket connector J3, pin 16

The primary power supply is used to produce secondary power supplies on the board. The secondary power supplies provide power to board components, including the MCX A153 MCU, MCU-Link, I3C sensor, Arduino socket, mikroBUS socket, Pmod connector, and external debugger connector.

Table 7 describes the FRDM-MCXA153 board power supplies.

Table 7. FRDM-MCXA153 power supplies

Power source	Manufacturer and part number	Power supply	Description
External supply through USB Type-C connector J8		P5V_USB_FS (5 V)	One of the three power source options for the SYS_5V0 supply
External supply through USB Type-C connector J15		P5V_MCU_ LINK_USB (5 V)	Second power source option for the SYS_5V0 supply Provides USB1_VBUS power to the LPC55S69 MCU (MCU-Link)
Arduino socket connector J3, pin 16		P5-9V_VIN (5-9 V)	Supplies power to 5 V DC voltage regulator J22 (not populated)
DC voltage regulator attached to connector J22 (DNP)		P5V_HDR_IN (5 V)	Third power source option (disabled by default) for the SYS_5V0 supply
From the P5V_USB_ FS / P5V_MCU_ LINK_USB / P5V_ HDR_IN supply		SYS_5V0 (5 V)	Supplies power to Arduino socket connector J3, mikro BUS socket connector J5, and LDO voltage regulator U2
Note: By default, the option to produce the SYS_5V0 supply from the P5V_HDR_ IN supply is disabled.			

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Table 7. FRDM-MCXA153 power supplies...continued

Power source	Manufacturer and part number	Power supply	Description
LDO voltage regulator U2	Torex Semiconductor XC6227C331PR-G	LDO_3V3 (3.3 V)	 Produces the MCU_VDD_P3V3 supply through either 2.7 Ω resistor R2 or jumper JP3 (not populated) Produces the VDD_BOARD supply through either 0 Ω resistor R68 or jumper JP6 (not populated) Supplies power to power LED D4 and Arduino socket connector J3
From the LDO_3V3 supply through resistor R2 or jumper JP3 (DNP)		MCU_VDD_ P3V3 (3.3 V)	 Produces the VDD_MCU supply through either 0 Ω resistor R1 (not populated) or jumper JP2 Produces the VDDA_MCU supply through either 0 Ω resistor R66 or jumper JP1 (not populated) Produces the VDD_USB supply
From the MCU_ VDD_P3V3 supply through resistor R1 (DNP) or jumper JP2		VDD_MCU	Provides VDD power to the MCX A153 MCU
From the MCU_ VDD_P3V3 supply through resistor R66 or jumper JP1 (DNP)		VDDA_MCU	Provides VDD_ANA/VREFH power to the MCX A153 MCU Supplies power to Arduino socket connector J2
From the MCU_ VDD_P3V3 supply		VDD_USB	Provides VDD_USB power to the MCX A153 MCU
From the LDO_3V3 supply through resistor R68 or jumper JP6 (DNP)		VDD_BOARD (3.3 V)	 Produces the following power supplies: VDD_P3T MCU_LINK_3V3 VREF_MCULINK Provides VDDA power to the LPC55S69 MCU (MCU-Link) Supplies power to: Push buttons SW1, SW2, and SW3 Reset LED D14 RGB LED D15 Arduino socket connector J3 mikroBUS socket connector J6 Pmod connector J7 (not populated) MCU-Link LEDs D5, D7, and D8 External debugger connector J18 (not populated)
From the VDD_		VDD_P3T	Supplies power to I3C sensor U8
BOARD supply		MCU_LINK_3 V3 (3.3 V)	Provides VDD, USB0_3V3, and USB1_3V3 powers to the LPC55S69 MCU (MCU-Link)
		VREF_ MCULINK	Provides VREFP power to the LPC55S69 MCU (MCU-Link)

2.1.1 Current measurement

The FRDM-MCXA153 board supports current measurement using an ampere meter (ammeter) on the power supplies shown in <u>Table 8</u>.

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Table 8. Power supplies with current measurement support

Power supply	Description	Jumper (2-pin)	Resistor	Current measurement steps
VDD_MCU	Target MCU (MCX A153) digital power	JP2	R1 (DNP)	 Open the jumper (JP2). Connect an ammeter to the jumper pins 1 and 2.
VDDA_MCU	Target MCU analog power	JP1 (DNP)	R66	 Remove the corresponding resistor. Populate the corresponding jumper (2-
MCU_VDD_P3 V3	Target MCU total power (analog + digital)	JP3 (DNP)	R2	pin). 3. Connect an ammeter to the jumper pins 1 and 2.
VDD_BOARD	Board power	JP6 (DNP)	R68	ρίπο ταπα Ζ.

2.2 Clocks

Table 9 provides details about inputs clocks on the FRDM-MCXA153 board.

Table 9. FRDM-MCXA153 clocks

Clock generator	Manufacturer and part number	Clock	Frequency	Destination
Crystal Y1 (DNP)	Diodes Incorporated FY0800027	XTAL48M, EXTAL48M	8 MHz	MCX A153 MCU
Crystal Y2	KYOCERA AVX CX3225GA16000 D0PTVCC	MCU_LINK_[P, N]_16 MHz	16 MHz	LPC55S69 MCU

The MCX A153 MCU also provides a clock output CLKOUT, which can be accessed by populating clock output test point J19.

2.3 USB interface

The MCX A153 MCU has one Universal Serial Bus (USB) Full Speed (FS) module, USBFS0, and one USB FS PHY. The USBFS0 module only supports Device mode operation.

The FRDM-MCXA153 board supports communication with the USBFS0 module through a USB Type-C connector, J8. The USB connector works in Device mode. It also flows 5 V power in the board.

2.4 LPUART interface

The MCX A153 MCU has three Low-Power Universal Asynchronous Receiver/Transmitter (LPUART) modules: LPUART0, LPUART1, and LPUART2. The FRDM-MCXA153 board supports communication only with the LPUART0 and LPUART2 modules.

Figure 8 shows the FRDM-MCXA153 LPUART diagram.

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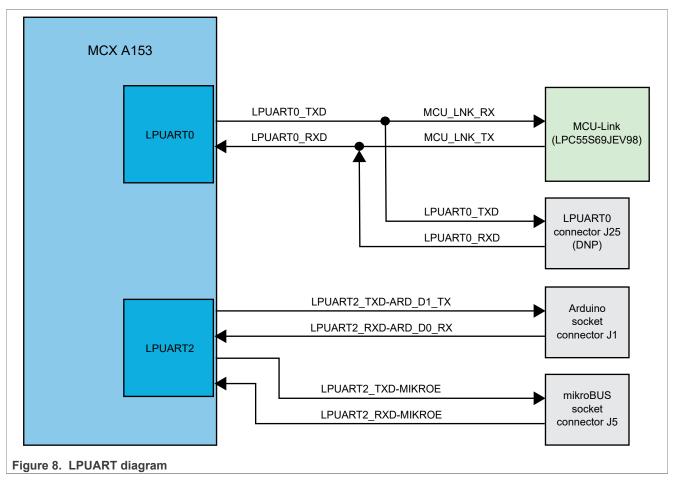


Table 10 describes the FRDM-MCXA153 LPUART connections.

Table 10. LPUART connections

LPUART	Peripheral devi	Peripheral devices				
module	Part identifier	Manufacturer and part number	Description			
LPUART0	U4	NXP LPC55S69JEV98	MCU-Link, a 32-bit MCU based on the Arm Cortex-M33 core with speeds of up to 150 MHz. MCU-Link can be used as a USB-to-UART bridge to debug the target MCU (MCX A153) through a VCOM port.			
	J25 (DNP)	_	LPUART0 connector, a 1x3-pin header for remotely accessing the LPUART0 port of the MCX A153 MCU. J25 is not populated on the board. J25 pinout is defined as follows: • Pin 1: LPUART0_TXD • Pin 2: GND • Pin 3: LPUART0_RXD			
LPUART2	J1	_	One of the four Arduino socket connectors that allows a UART connection between the target MCU and the plugged-in Arduino board.			

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Table 10. LPUART connections...continued

	Peripheral device	Peripheral devices			
module	Part identifier	Manufacturer and part number	Description		
	J5	_	One of the two mikroBUS socket connectors that allows a UART connection between the target MCU and the plugged-in mikroBUS click board.		

2.5 LPSPI interface

The MCX A153 MCU has two Low-Power Serial Peripheral Interface (LPSPI) modules: LPSPI0 and LPSPI1. Each LPSPI module supports two modes: Master mode (with support for up to four peripheral chip selects) and Slave mode.

The FRDM-MCXA153 board supports communication with both the LPSPI modules of the MCX A153 MCU.

Figure 9 shows the FRDM-MCXA153 LPSPI diagram.

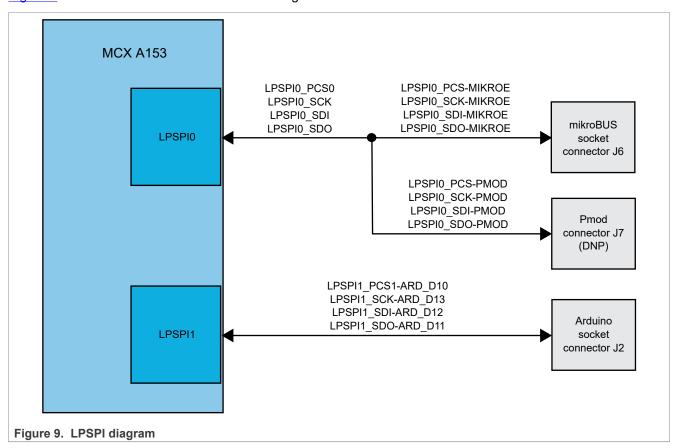


Table 11 describes the FRDM-MCXA153 LPSPI connections.

Table 11. LPSPI connections

idalo III El GI I comicodorio				
LPSPI module	select	Peripheral devices		
		Part identifier	Description	
LPSPI0	PCS0		One of the two mikroBUS socket connectors that allows a SPI connection between the target MCU and the plugged-in mikroBUS click board.	

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Table 11. LPSPI connections...continued

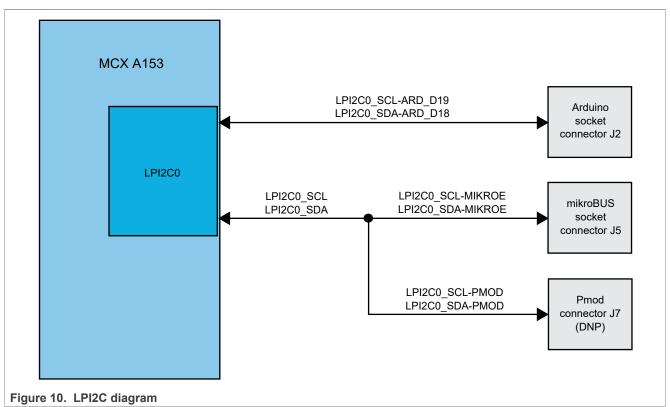
	Peripheral chip	Peripheral devices		
	select	Part identifier	Description	
		J7 (DNP)	Pmod connector, which allows a SPI connection between the target MCU and the plugged-in Pmod board. J7 is not populated on the board.	
LPSPI1	PCS1	J2	One of the four Arduino socket connectors that allows a SPI connection between the target MCU and the plugged-in Arduino board.	

2.6 LPI2C interface

The MCX A153 MCU has one Low-Power Inter-Integrated Circuit (LPI2C) module, LPI2C0, which supports serial I2C communication through a pair of control and data signals.

The FRDM-MCXA153 board supports communication with the LPI2C0 module.

Figure 10 shows the FRDM-MCXA153 LPI2C diagram.



<u>Table 12</u> describes the FRDM-MCXA153 LPI2C devices. The I2C address of each device depends on the plugged-in board/module.

Table 12. LPI2C devices

LPI2C module	Peripheral devices		
	Part identifier	Description	
LPI2C0		One of the four Arduino socket connectors that allows an I2C connection between the target MCU and the plugged-in Arduino board.	

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Table 12. LPI2C devices...continued

LPI2C module	Peripheral devices		
	Part identifier	Description	
	J5	One of the two mikroBUS socket connectors that allows an I2C connection between the target MCU and the plugged-in mikroBUS click board.	
	J7 (DNP)	Pmod connector, which allows an I2C connection between the target MCU and the plugged-in Pmod board. J7 is not populated on the board.	

2.7 I3C sensor

The FRDM-MCXA153 board provides a digital temperature sensor, which is supported through the Improved Inter-Integrated Circuit (I3C) module (I3C0) of the MCX A153 MCU. <u>Table 13</u> describes the I3C sensor.

Table 13. I3C sensor

Part identifier	Manufacturer and part number	Description	7-bit I2C address
U8	NXP P3T1755DP	Temperature-to-digital converter with an on-chip band gap temperature sensor and support for over-temperature detection. It operates in the temperature range from -40 °C to +125 °C with ±0.5 °C accuracy. It has a temperature register to store the digital temperature reading that can be read by a controller via the 2-wire serial I3C (up to 12.5 MHz) or I2C (up to 3.4 MHz) interface. For more information on P3T1755DP, visit nxp.com.	0x90

The FRDM-MCXA153 board also provides the following two I3C test points:

- J20: Supports I3C data signal.
- J21: Supports I3C clock signal.

The temperature reading from the U8 sensor can be read through an external device controller by populating test points J20 and J21.

2.8 Arduino socket

The FRDM-MCXA153 board has an Arduino socket with the following four connectors:

- J1: 2x8-position receptacle
- J2: 2x10-position receptacle
- J3: 2x8-position receptacle
- J4: 2x6-position receptacle

The two 2x8-position receptacles are placed diagonally opposite to each other. The socket is pin-compatible with an Arduino Uno revision 3 (R3) board.

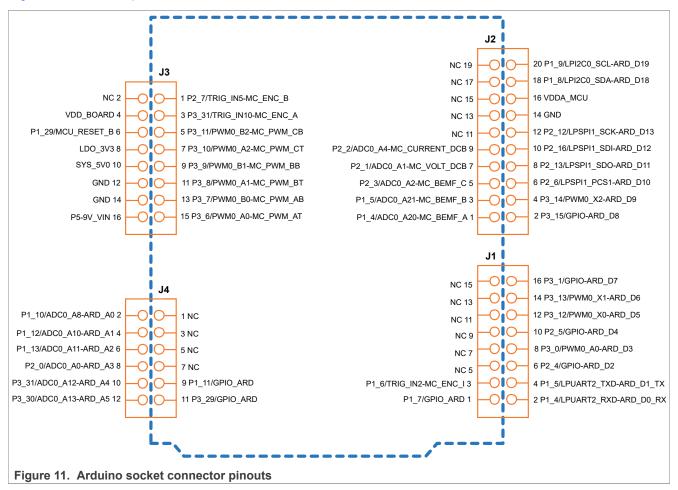
The Arduino socket allows communication with the following modules of the target MCU:

- Low-Power Universal Asynchronous Receiver/Transmitter 2 (LPUART2)
- Low-Power Serial Peripheral Interface 1 (LPSPI1)
- Low-Power Inter-Integrated Circuit 0 (LPI2C0)
- Analog-to-Digital Converter 0 (ADC0)
- Pulse Width Modulator 0 (PWM0)

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Figure 11 shows the pinouts of the Arduino socket connectors.

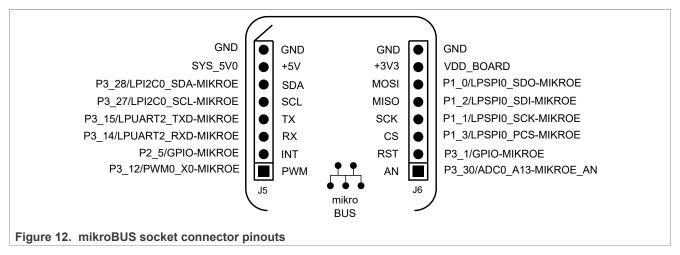


2.9 mikroBUS socket

A mikroBUS socket is a pair of 1x8 position receptacles (connectors) with a proprietary pin configuration and silkscreen markings. It allows maximum hardware expandability with the least number of pins.

The FRDM-MCXA153 board has a mikroBUS socket with two 1x8 position receptacles, J5 and J6. <u>Figure 12</u> shows the pinouts of the mikroBUS socket connectors.

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The FRDM-MCXA153 mikroBUS socket supports different types of add-on boards, called *click boards*, which are plug-and-play solutions to add new functionality to the board design. A click board has a pair of 1x8 pin headers that connect to the two receptacles of a mikroBUS socket.

MikroElektronika (MIKROE) is one of the manufacturers of click boards. You can find details of some example click boards for the FRDM-MCXA153 mikroBUS socket at MIKROE website.

2.10 Pmod connector

Digilent Pmod (peripheral module) devices are small I/O interface boards that can be easily integrated with programmable logic and embedded control boards for expanding their capabilities.

The FRDM-MCXA153 board supports a Pmod connector J7 (Digilent PPPC062LJBN-RC) for expanding the capabilities of the board. The J7 connector is not populated on the board. If populated, it can be used to access the SPI and I2C ports of the MCX A153 MCU. It can be used to work with a remote host, or as an interface to a Pmod expansion board.

Table 14 shows the pinout of the Pmod connector J7.

Table 14. Pmod connector pinout

Pin number	Signal name
1	P1_3/LPSPI0_PCS-PMOD
2	P2_4/GPIO-PMOD
3	P1_0/LPSPI0_SDO-PMOD
4	P3_1/GPIO-PMOD
5	P1_2/LPSPI0_SDI-PMOD
6	P3_27/LPI2C0_SCL-PMOD
7	P1_1/LPSPI0_SCK-PMOD
8	P3_28/LPI2C0_SDA-PMOD
11, 12	VDD_BOARD
9, 10	GND

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3 MCU-Link OB debug probe

MCU-Link is a debug probe architecture jointly developed by NXP and Embedded Artists. The MCU-Link architecture is based on the NXP LPC55S69 MCU, which is based on an Arm Cortex-M33 core. It can be configured to support different debug feature options.

The MCU-Link architecture is used in:

- Standalone debug probes, such as MCU-Link Pro
- Onboard debug probes implemented on NXP evaluation boards, such as FRDM-MCXA153

The onboard implementation of MCU-Link is referred to as MCU-Link OB.

The FRDM-MCXA153 board implements a subset of the MCU-Link architecture features, as mentioned in <u>Section 3.1</u>. For more details on the MCU-Link architecture, visit the <u>MCU-Link Debug Probe Architecture</u> page.

The MCU-Link OB on the FRDM-MCXA153 board is factory-programmed with the firmware based on the NXP CMSIS-DAP protocol. The firmware also supports all other features supported in the hardware. A custom version of the J-Link firmware to make MCU-Link OB compatible with J-Link LITE is also available. However, this firmware version only supports limited features, including debug/SWO and VCOM. For information on how to update the firmware, see Section 3.4.

3.1 Supported MCU-Link features

MCU-Link includes several mandatory and optional features. <u>Table 15</u> summarizes the MCU-Link features supported on the FRDM-MCXA153 board.

Table 15. Supported MCU-Link features

Feature	Description
Serial wire debug (SWD) / serial wire debug trace output (SWO)	MCU-Link allows SWD-based debugging with SWO for profiling and/or low overhead debug standard I/O communication.
Virtual communication (VCOM) serial port	MCU-Link adds a serial COM port on the host computer and connects it to the target MCU, while working as a USB-to-UART bridge.
External debug probe support	The MCU-Link interface supports debugging the target MCU (MCX A153) using an external debug probe, instead of MCU-Link. Support for an external debug probe is enabled by disabling the SWD feature.

3.2 Supported debug scenarios

Table 16 describes the debug scenarios supported on the FRDM-MCXA153 board.

Table 16. Supported debug scenarios

Debug scenario	Feature support	Required jumper/connector settings
Use MCU-Link for debugging the	SWD: Enabled	MCU-Link SWD disable jumper JP20 is open.
MCX A153 MCU	External debugger connector J18 (DN external connection.	
	VCOM: Enabled	MCU-Link VCOM port disable jumper JP19 is open.
Use an external debugger for	SWD: Not supported	Short JP20.
debugging the MCX A153 MCU		Populate J18 and connect the external debugger to it.
	VCOM: Supported	JP19 is open.

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3.3 MCU-Link host driver and utility installation

The MCU-Link debug probe is supported on a host computer running a Windows 10/11, MacOS X, or Ubuntu Linux operating system (OS). The debug probe works with standard OS drivers. For Windows, the MCU-Link firmware installation program also includes information files to provide user-friendly device names.

Support for MCU-Link can be enabled using the LinkServer utility, which is an NXP GDB server and flash utility that supports many NXP debug probes. For more details on this utility, visit the https://nxp.com/linkserver page.

Running the LinkServer installer also installs a firmware update utility and the drivers (information files) required for MCU-Link. NXP recommends you to use the LinkServer installer for installing the MCU-Link firmware update utility.

Note: If the MCU-Link firmware version is 3.122 or later, an automatic firmware update can be done using LinkServer installer version 1.4.85 or later. For more details on automatic firmware update, refer to the Readme mark-down file in the LinkServer installation package. However, if the current firmware version is earlier than 3.122, you require to run manually the MCU-Link firmware update utility, which is included in the LinkServer installation package. To update the MCU-Link firmware using the firmware update utility, see Section 3.4.

To work with MCU-Link, NXP recommends using the latest MCU-Link firmware. The steps to update the MCU-Link firmware manually are provided in <u>Section 3.4</u>. Before updating the MCU-Link firmware, check the versions of the MCUXpresso IDE and LIBUSBIO (if you are using these tools) installed on your host computer. Then, check the compatibility of these tools with the MCU-Link firmware by referring to <u>Table 17</u>. If you are using the MCUXpresso for Visual Studio Code extension or a third-party IDE from IAR or Keil, NXP recommends using the latest MCU-Link firmware version.

Table 17. C	Compatibility	check between	MCUXpresso	IDE and MCU-Link	firmware
-------------	---------------	---------------	-------------------	------------------	----------

-	P P	USB driver	CMSIS-SWO	FreeMASTER support via	
version	firmware version	type	support	SWD / JTAG	USB bridge
MCUXpresso 11.3 or later	V1.xxx and V2.xxx	HID	No	Yes	Yes
MCUXpresso 11.7.0 or later	V3.xxx (up to and including V3.108)	WinUSB	No	Yes	FreeMASTER V3.2.2 or later
MCUXpresso 11.7.1 or later	V3.117 and later	WinUSB	Yes	Yes	FreeMASTER V3.2.2 or later

3.4 Updating MCU-Link firmware using firmware update utility

To update the MCU-Link firmware using the firmware update utility included in the LinkServer installation package, the MCU-Link must be powered up in ISP mode. Follow these steps to configure MCU-Link in ISP mode and update MCU-Link firmware:

- 1. Disconnect the board from the host computer, short jumper JP8, and reconnect the board. The red MCU-Link status LED D7 lights up and stays on. For more details on MCU-Link LEDs, see Section 3.8.
- 2. Download the LinkServer installation package from https://nxp.com/linkserver and install the LinkServer utility. For example, download and install "Linkserver 1.4.85 installer for Windows".
- 3. Navigate to the MCU-LINK_installer_ Vx_xxx directory, where Vx_xxx indicates the version number, for example, V3.108.
- 4. Follow the instructions in the Readme.txt to find and run the firmware update utility for CMSIS-DAP or J-Link firmware version.
- 5. Disconnect the board from the host computer, open jumper JP8, and reconnect the board. The board is enumerated on the host computer as a WinUSB or HID device (depending on the firmware version, see <u>Table 17</u>).

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Note: Starting version V3.xxx, the MCU-Link firmware uses WinUSB (instead of HID) for higher performance. However, it is not compatible with MCUXpresso IDE versions earlier than 11.7.0.

Note: To enable SWO-related features in non-NXP IDEs, CMSIS-SWO support was introduced in firmware version V3.117.

3.5 Using MCU-Link with development tools

The MCU-Link debug probe can be used with IDEs supported within the MCUXpresso ecosystem, such as:

- MCUXpresso IDE
- MCUXpresso for Visual Studio Code
- IAR Embedded Workbench
- Arm Keil MDK

3.5.1 Using MCU-Link with MCUXpresso IDE

The MCUXpresso IDE recognizes any type of MCU-Link probe that uses either the CMSIS-DAP or J-Link firmware. When you start a new debug session, the IDE checks for all the available debug probes. For all the probes it finds, the IDE displays the probe types and unique identifiers in the **Probes discovered** dialog box.

If a debug probe requires a firmware update, the probe is displayed with a warning in the **Probes discovered** dialog box. For each such probe, the latest firmware version is indicated and a link to download the latest firmware package is provided. To update the firmware for the MCU-Link debug probe, see the instructions provided in <u>Section 3.4</u>.

You are advised to use the latest MCU-Link firmware to take the benefit of the latest functionality. However, the MCU-Link firmware version you can use depends on the MCUXpresso IDE installed on your host computer. To check the compatibility of the MCU-Link firmware you want to use with your MCUXpresso IDE, see <u>Table 17</u>.

3.5.2 Using MCU-Link with MCUXpresso for Visual Studio Code

The MCU-Link debug probe can be used with the MCUXpresso for Visual Studio Code extension from NXP. This extension uses the LinkServer debug server. To work with MCUXpresso for Visual Studio Code, install the LinkServer utility using the MCUXpresso Installer tool or as described in <u>Section 3.3</u>. For more details on MCUXpresso for Visual Studio Code, visit the <u>MCUXpresso for Visual Studio Code</u> page.

3.5.3 Using MCU-Link with third-party IDEs

The MCU-Link debug probe can be used with third-party IDEs, such as IAR Embedded Workbench and Arm Keil MDK. For more details, refer to the third-party tool documentation, covering the use of generic CMSIS-DAP probes or J-Link probes (depending on the firmware image you are using).

3.6 MCU-Link USB connector

The FRDM-MCXA153 board has a USB Type-C connector J15, which allows you to connect MCU-Link with your host computer. It can also be used to supply 5 V power to the board.

3.7 VCOM port (USB to target UART bridge)

MCU-Link supports a feature, known as *virtual communication (VCOM) serial port*. Using this feature, MCU-Link adds a serial COM port on the host computer and connects it to the target MCU. In this setup, MCU-Link acts as a USB-to-UART bridge.

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In the FRDM-MCXA153 board, MCU-Link is connected to the LPUART0 module of the target MCU. To use MCU-Link as a USB-to-UART bridge, follow these steps:

- 1. Ensure that the ISP mode enable jumper JP8 is open (MCU-Link boots normally).
- 2. Ensure that the MCU-Link VCOM port disable jumper JP19 is open (MCU-Link VCOM port is enabled).
- 3. Connect the MCU-Link USB connector J15 to a USB port of the host computer.

When you boot the FRDM-MCXA153 board, a VCOM port with the name MCU-Link Vcom Port (COMxx) is enumerated on the host computer, where "xx" varies from one computer to another. Each MCU-Link based board has a unique VCOM number associated with it.

The VCOM function can be disabled by shorting jumper JP19, before powering up the board. Changing the JP19 setting (open/short) after powering up the board has no impact on the MCU-Link VCOM function.

3.8 MCU-Link status LEDs

The FRDM-MCXA153 board has seven status indicator LEDs for MCU-Link. <u>Table 18</u> lists these LEDs and describes how each LED behaves in different MCU-Link modes.

Table 18. MCU-Link LEDs

Part	PCB label	LED color	LED function			
identifier			Normal operation (with CMSIS-DAP)	Normal operation (with J-Link)	ISP (firmware update) mode	
D5	USB_ACTIVE	Green	Indicates USB communication. The LED lights up after successful USB enumeration at startup, and then stays ON.	The LED remains OFF.	The LED remains OFF.	
D7	ISP_EN	Red	Indicates MCU-Link status / SWD activity. It acts as a heartbeat LED (fades in/ out repeatedly), with SWD activity overlaid. If an error occurs at startup, the D7 LED blinks rapidly.	The LED remains OFF.	The LED lights up when MCU-Link (LPC55S69) boots in ISP mode.	
D8	VCOM_ACTIVE	Green	Indicates if the VCOM port is receiving/sending data. The LED lights up when MCU-Link boots, and then blinks when debug activity happens.	Indicates if the VCOM port is receiving/ sending data. The LED lights up when MCU-Link boots, and then blinks when debug activity happens.	The LED remains OFF.	

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4 Board errata

Not applicable for the current board revision.

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5 Related documentation

<u>Table 19</u> lists some additional documents and resources that you can refer to for more information on the FRDM-MCXA153 board. Some of these documents may be available only under a non-disclosure agreement (NDA). To access such a document, contact a local NXP field applications engineer (FAE) or sales representative.

Table 19. Related documentation

Document/resource	Description	Link / how to obtain
MCX A153, A152, A143, A142, A133, A132 Reference Manual	Provides a detailed description about the MCX A153/A152/A143/A142/A133/A132 MCU and its features, including memory maps, power supplies, and clocks.	MCXAP64M96FS3RM.pdf
MCXA153, A152, A143, A142, A133, A132 Data Sheet	Provides information about the MCX A153/A152/A143/A142/A133/A132 MCU electrical characteristics, hardware design considerations, and ordering information.	MCXAP64M96FS3.pdf
Mask Set Errata for Mask 0P07H	Lists known errata related to the MCX A153/A152/A143/A142/A133/A132 MCU.	MCXA153VLH_0P07H.pdf
FRDM-MCXA153 Schematics	Illustrates the FRDM-MCXA153 board design.	Available on nxp.com

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6 Acronyms

Table 20 lists the acronyms used in this document.

Table 20. Acronyms

Acronym	Description
ADC	Analog-to-Digital Converter
BLDC	Brushless direct current
DNP	Do not populate / do not place
FS	Full-speed
I2C	Inter-Integrated Circuit
I3C	Improved Inter-Integrated Circuit
ІоТ	Internet of Things
IP	Intellectual property
ISP	In-System Programming
LDO	Low-dropout regulator
LED	Light-emitting diode
LPI2C	Low-Power Inter-Integrated Circuit
LPSPI	Low-Power Serial Peripheral Interface
LPUART	Low-Power Universal Asynchronous Receiver/Transmitter
MCU	Microcontroller unit
MIPI	Mobile Industry Processor Interface
ОВ	Onboard
Pmod	Peripheral module
PMSM	Permanent magnet synchronous motor
PWM	Pulse Width Modulator
SPI	Serial Peripheral Interface
SWD	Serial wire debug
SWO	Serial wire debug trace output
USB	Universal Serial Bus
USBFS	Universal Serial Bus Full Speed
UART	Universal Asynchronous Receiver/Transmitter
VCOM	Virtual communication

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7 Revision history

Table 21 summarizes the revisions to this document.

Table 21. Revision history

Document ID	Release date	Description
UM12012 v.2.0	Release date 12 February 2025	Changed "MCXA1xx" to "MCX A153" throughout the document Updated connector J25 (DNP) details throughout the document Updated LPUART interface description in Table 1 "FRDM-MCXA153 features" Updated USB cable details in Table 2 "Kit contents" Added a note after Figure 2, indicating that crystal Y1 is DNP Updated Table 8 "Power supplies with current measurement support" Updated the second LPUART0 connection in Figure 8 Removed information related to external target support
		from Table 15 "Supported MCU-Link features" and Table 16 "Supported debug scenarios" • Updated Section 3.3 "MCU-Link host driver and utility installation" • Updated Section 3.4 "Updating MCU-Link firmware using firmware update utility" • Updated Section 5 "Related documentation" • Made several other editorial enhancements
UM12012 v.1	25 January 2024	Initial public release

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